

SPONSOR PAYMENTS IN CLINICAL TRIALS

Maine Medical Center Policy:

1. Clinical trial sponsors <u>shall not</u> condition payments related to subject injury upon the denial of patient insurance coverage.

Reasoning

- 1. Medicare Secondary Payer laws govern the coordination of benefits between Medicare and "Primary Plans." 42 U.S.C. §1395y(b)(2)(A).
 - a. "Primary Plans" are:
 - i. Group health plans,
 - ii. Workers compensation plans,
 - iii. Automobile plans,
 - iv. No-fault liability plans, and
 - v. Liability insurance policies or plans (including self-insured plans)
 - 1. Defined as "insurance (including a self-insurance plan) that provides payment based on the policyholder's alleged legal liability for injury or illness or damage to property." MSP Manual, Ch. 1, §10.6.
- 2. Clinical Trial Sponsors become a "Primary Plan" when they agree to make payments for subject injury:
 - a. "when payments are made by sponsors of clinical trials for complications or injuries arising out of the trials, such payments are considered to be payments by liability insurance (including self-insurance)." Medicare Guidance, MMSEA §111 (emphasis added).
 - b. Prior guidance from a Director within CMS (the "Lutz Letter") is further evidence of CMS's stance on this issue.
- 3. Medicare is secondary to any liability insurance. MSP Manual §10.6

Conclusion

Payments made by a clinical trial sponsor are considered payments by a liability insurance plan/policy (and therefore subject to Medicare Secondary Payer laws) when they are for research-related injuries. As such, the sponsor has primary payment responsibility for research-related injuries.